

26th World Gas Conference

1 – 5 June 2015, Paris, France



Verification tests of the energy system integrated of CGS and renewable energy

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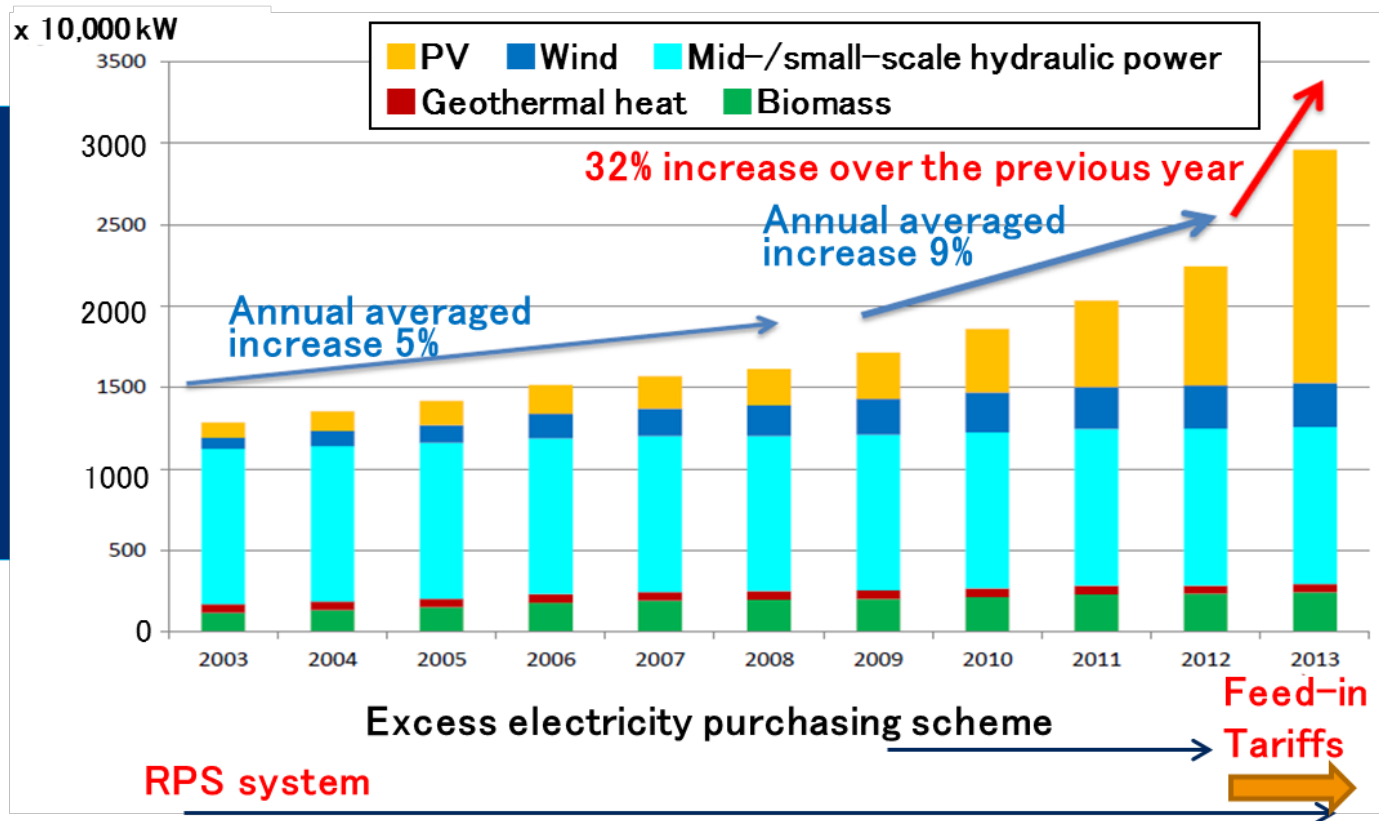


Today's contents

- Background
- Concept of proposed energy system
- Composition of demonstration system
- Test results
- Conclusion

Challenges for the grid interconnection

Transition of installed capacity of renewable energies



Concept of “Smart Energy Network”

Cogeneration

Renewable energy

Energy Community

Information and communication technology

<Challenges>

<Proposed countermeasures>

CO2 emission reduction

High-degree utilization of heat and electricity generated by CGSs

TEST A

Balancing power shortage

Smoothing output fluctuation of PV/Fast-DR of aggregated CGSs

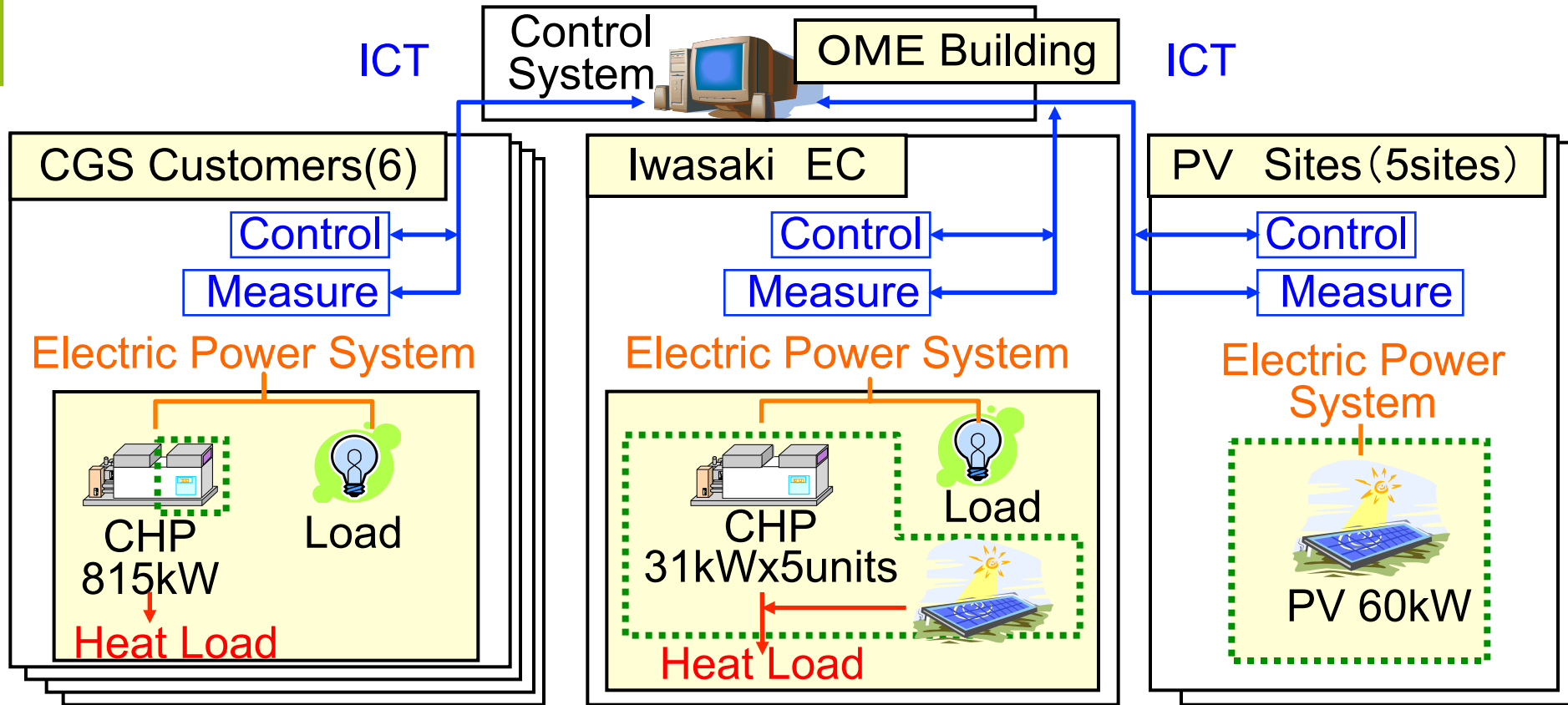
TEST B

Supply power shortage

Demand response of aggregated CGSs

TEST C

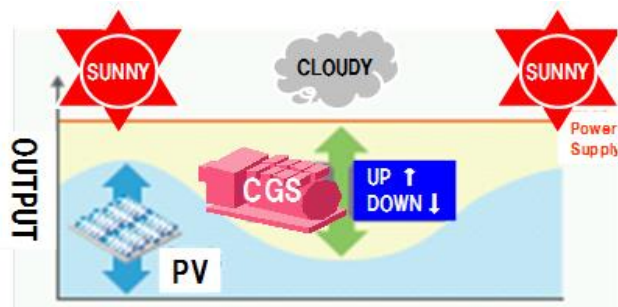
Composition of the test system



Contents of the demonstration test

Test B (For balancing power shortage)

【Smooth PV fluctuation for contributing to power system stabilization】



Test for checking adaptively to PJM code was also conducted (Fast-DR test)

Test C (For supply power shortage)

【Supply power at emergency and electric shortage, etc.】

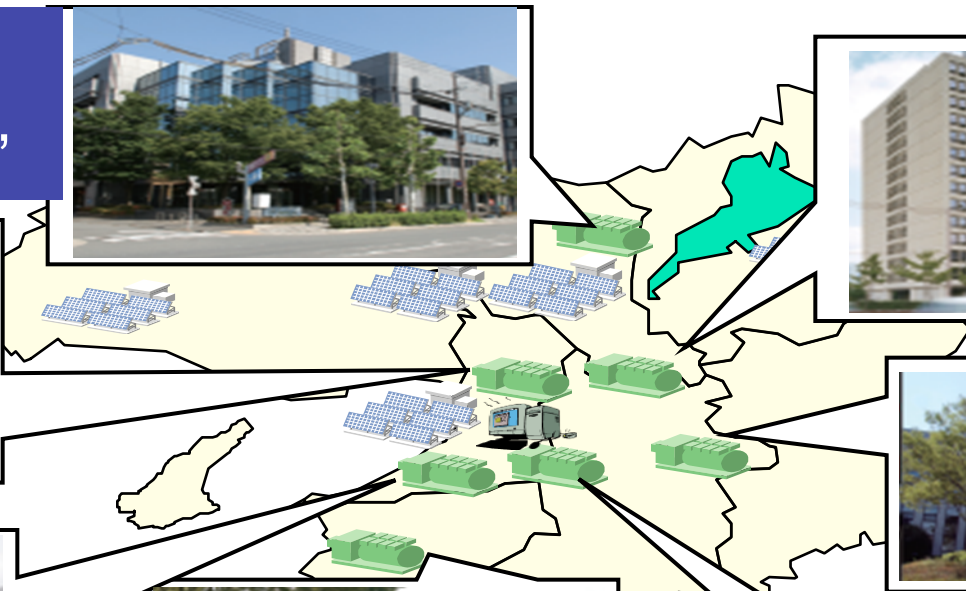


Like huge Thermal Power Plant



Photos of CHP Customers joining this project

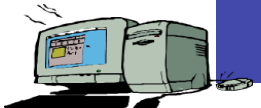
Total Capacity
of CGS:
about “6400kW”



Photos of control system (Center sys—each CGS)



Control system



Internet

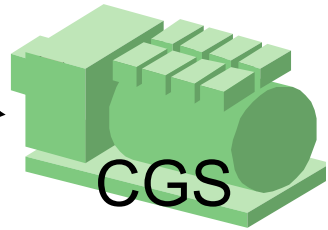


Local Controller

Bias
Signal



CGS Controller



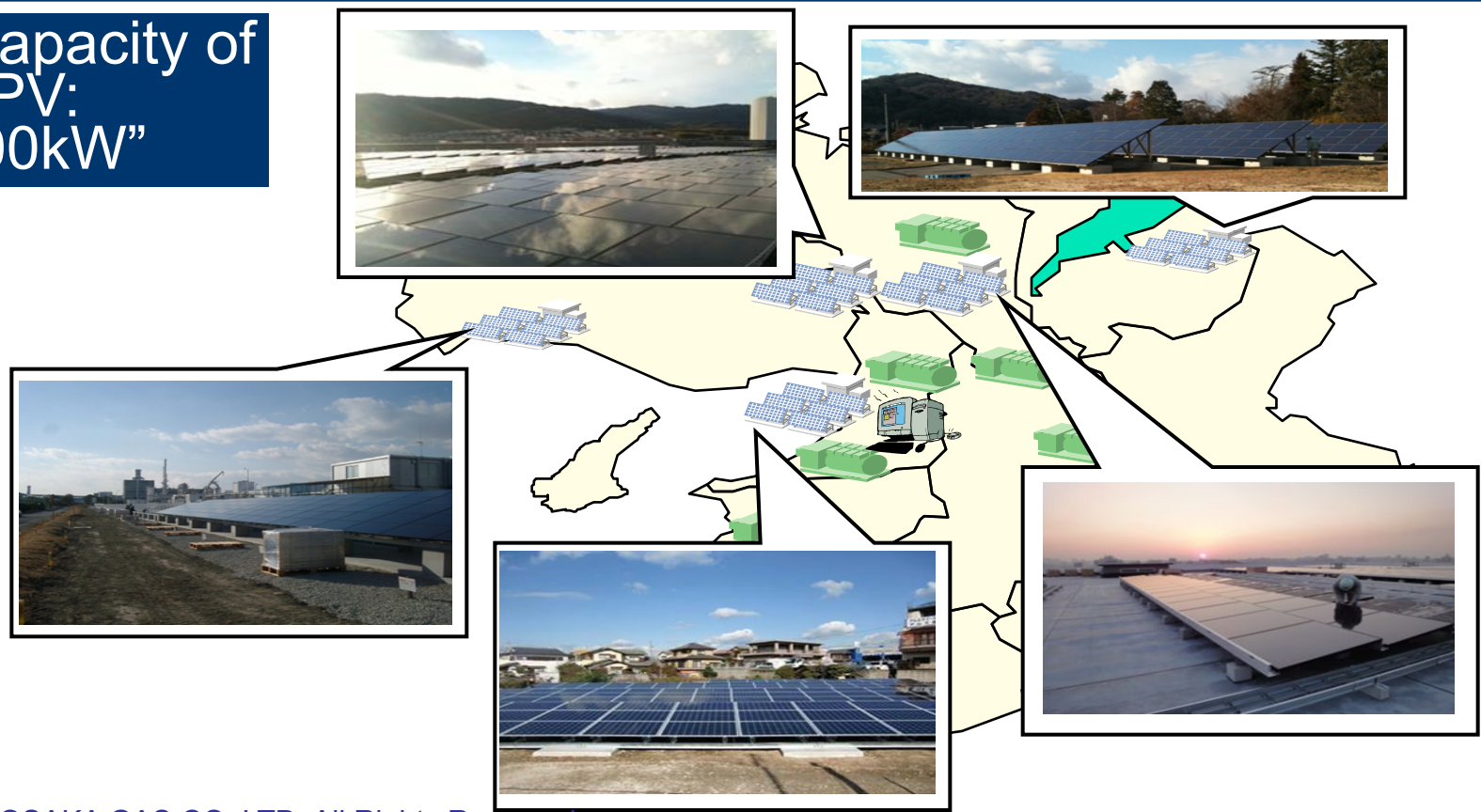
CGS

CGS package

CGS controller was reconstructed to be accepted output signal which came from a center system via internet.

Photos of PV sites

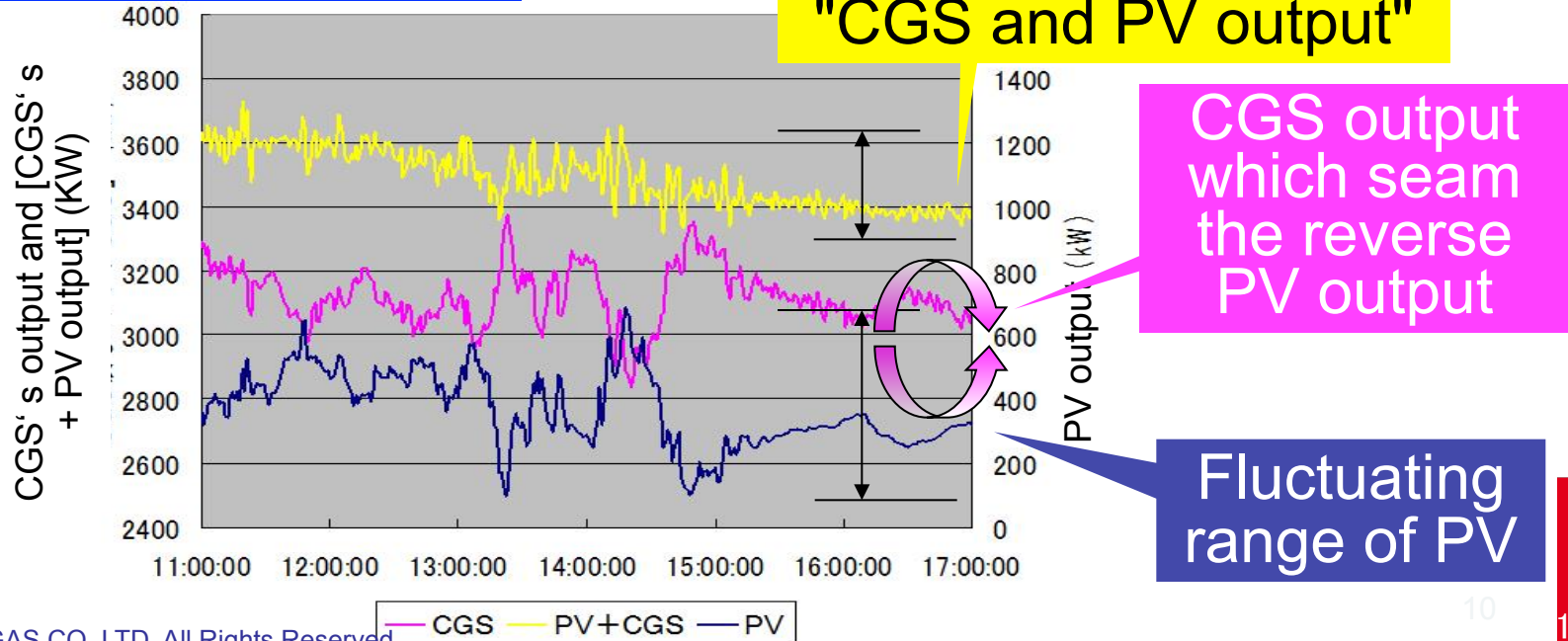
Total Capacity of PV:
“300kW”



Result of Test B

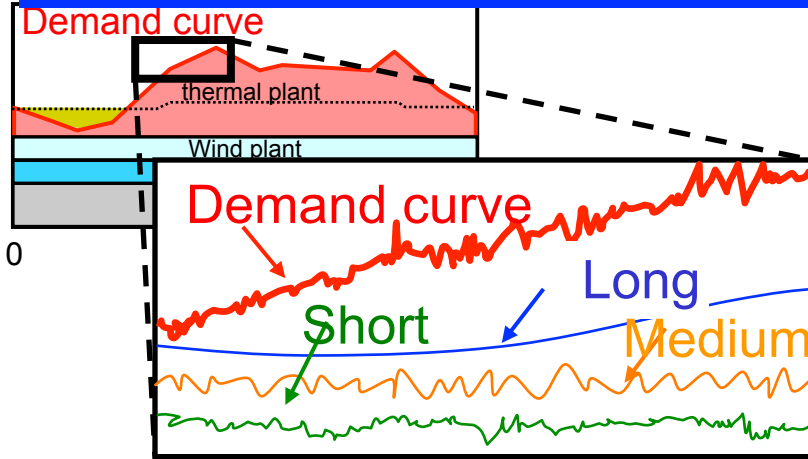
By controlling four CGS which are located at the different customers' site, smoothing PV outputs is realised.

[Actual measurement value]

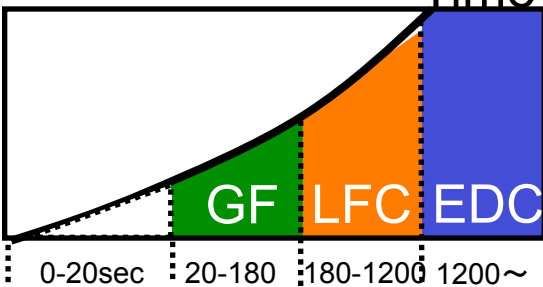


Target fluctuations of PV outputs

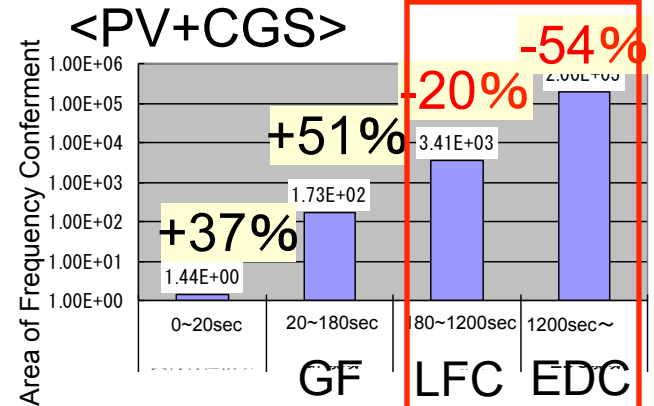
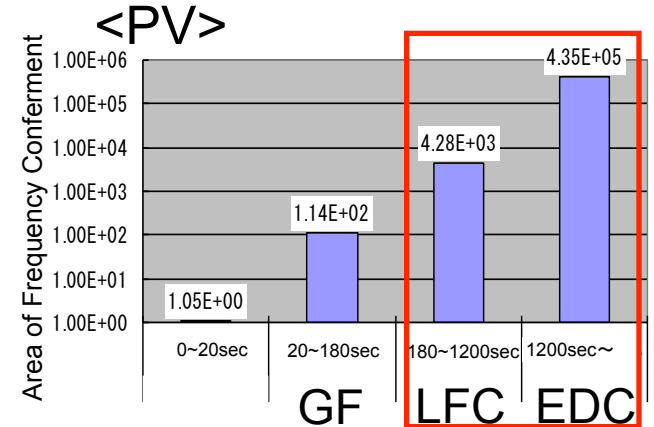
Demand Fluctuation Range



Time

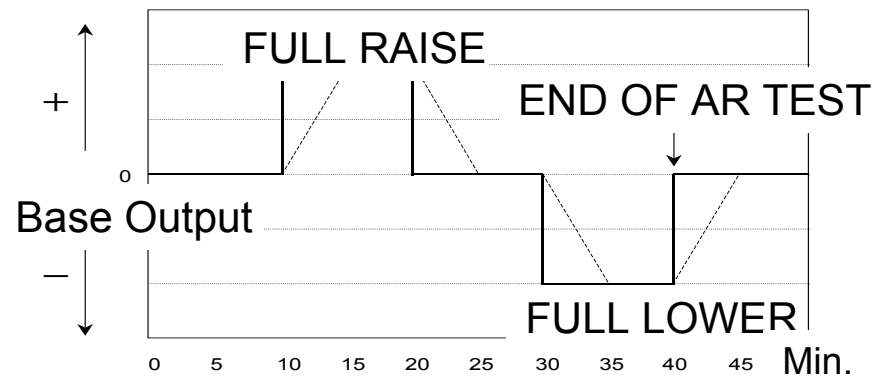


EDC: Economy Dispatching Control
 LFC: Load Frequency Control
 GF: Governor Free



Test B': AR (Area Regulation) TEST Overview

【PJM's rule】



— AR SIGNAL

- - - Generation Output
(Expected)

【Evaluation Method】

RRC

$\langle \text{Rate of Response Compliance [\%]} \rangle$

Response Compliance against AR signal

RMC

$\langle \text{Regulation Mismatch Compliance [\%]} \rangle$

Mismatch Compliance between 15-20min.

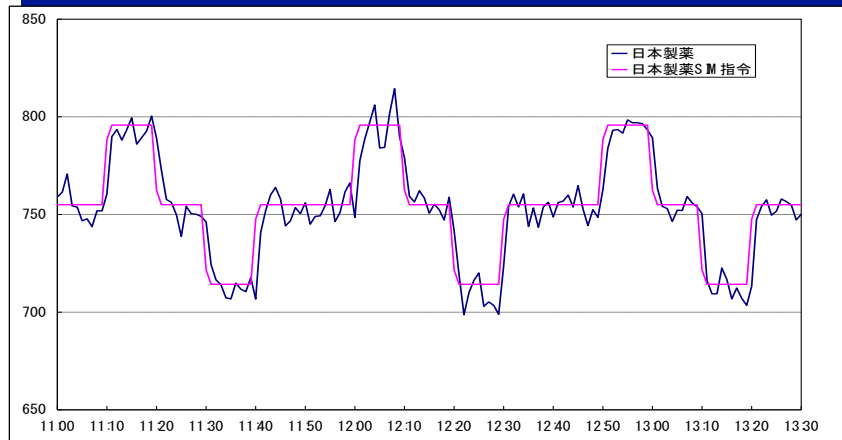
$\text{TS} \langle \text{AR Test Result [\%]} \rangle$

RRC + RMC

⇒ Needs to satisfy more than 75%

Test B(Optional): AR (Area Regulation) TEST Result

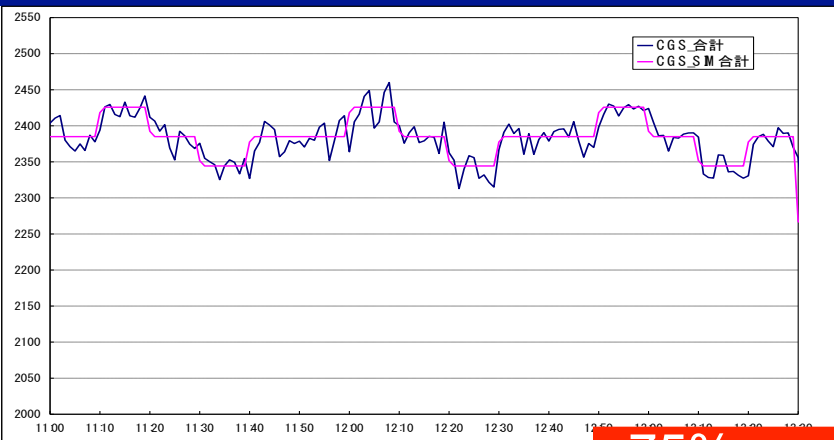
CGS815kW
Control Capacity: ± 40 kW



RRC	RMC	TS
88.55	95.58	92.07
95.73	95.36	95.54
100.98	98.06	99.52

75%more

CGS2,445kW
Control Capacity: ± 120 kW



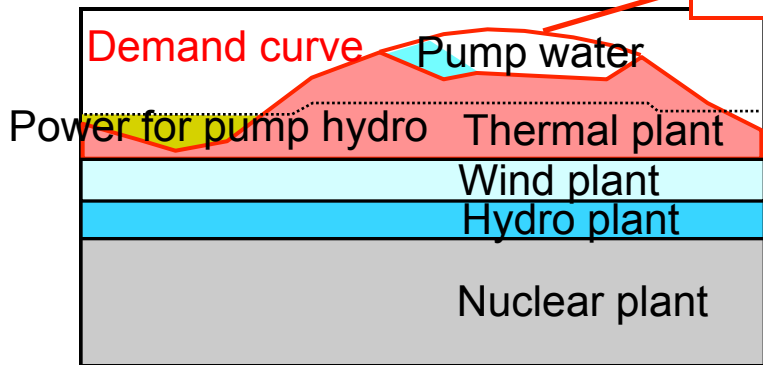
RRC	RMC	TS
96.25	98.11	97.18
94.69	99.25	96.97
95.96	98.63	97.30

75%more

Test C [Power Supply] Result

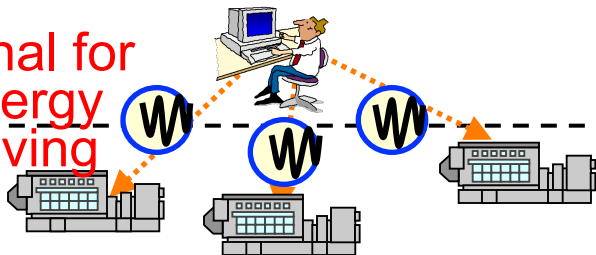
[Date at heavy loading]

Electric Power shortage



SEN controller

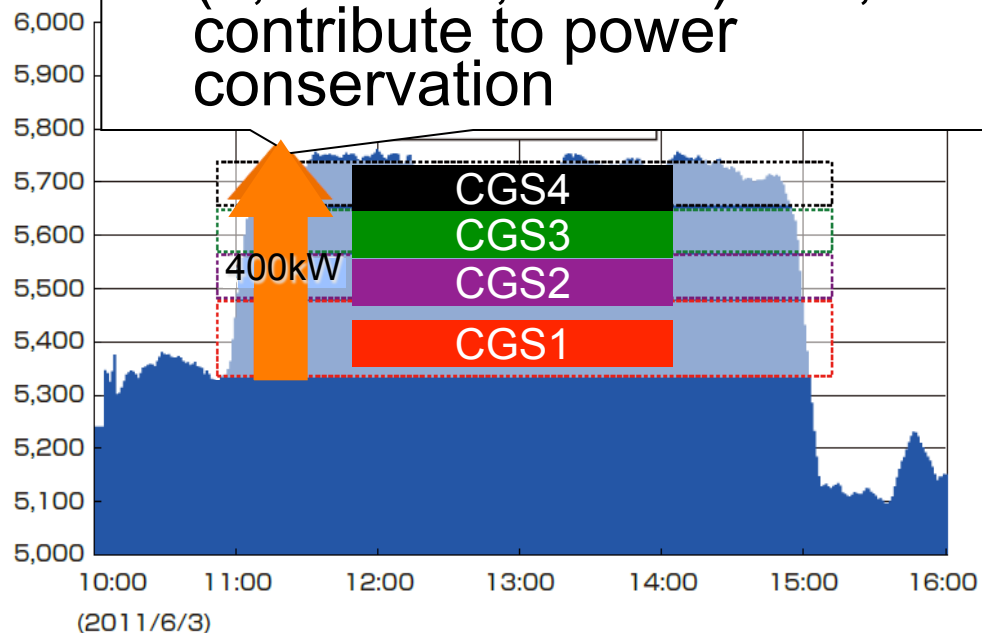
Signal for energy saving



Customer's CGS

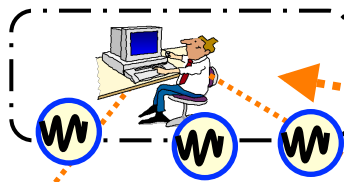
Increased CGS outputs (5,300 ⇒ 5,700kW) and, contribute to power conservation

Total CGS Output[kW]

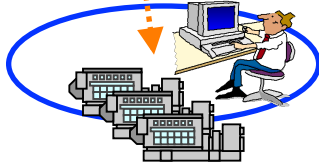
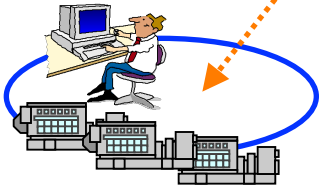


Meaning of this demonstration PJ and future vision

Control management center for distributed sources

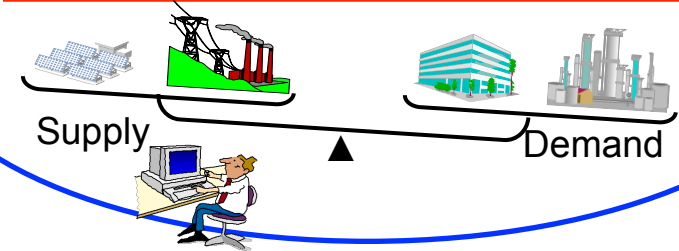


Command to adjust supply/demand,
Command to saving power, etc.



Central control center of utility Or Exchange market

Shortage of frequency regulation power



Interconnected power system between
centralized and distributed sources

- Under the normal condition, it provides supply power by fully utilizing heat and electricity.
- It can contribute to supply/demand balancing and power saving as needed in cooperation with the grid.